



NOTICE OF GRANT OF PLANNING PERMISSION
Town and Country Planning Act 1990
Town and Country Planning (Development Management Procedure)
(England) Order 2015

Contact Name and Address:
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Application No: 260357
Date of Issue: 06/08/2026

In pursuance of their powers under the above mentioned Acts, South Tyneside Council as Local Planning Authority hereby **GRANT** planning permission for the following:

Proposal: The removal of one secondary chimney.
Location: 13 Station Road, East Boldon, NE36 0LD

SUBJECT TO THE FOLLOWING CONDITION(S) AND REASON(S):

- 1 The development to which this permission relates must be commenced not later than 3 years from the date of this permission.

As required by Section 91 of the Town and Country Planning Act 1990 and to ensure that the development is carried out within a reasonable time.

- 2 The development shall be carried out in accordance with the approved plan(s) as detailed below

- Proposed Roof Plan Drg. No. 3.P20.02 – Received 04/06/2026
- Proposed Floor Plans Drg. No.3.P20.01 – Received 04/06/2026
- Proposed Elevations Drg. No.3.P30.01 – Received 04/06/2026

Any minor material changes to the approved plans will require a formal planning application under S73 of the Town and Country Planning Act 1990 to vary this condition and substitute alternative plans.

In order to provide a procedure to seek approval of proposed minor material change which is not substantially different from that which has been approved.

NOTES TO APPLICANT:

In accordance with Article 35(2) of the Town and Country Planning (Development Management Procedure) (England) Order 2015, the Local Planning Authority has, without prejudice to a fair and objective assessment of the proposals, issues raised and representations received, sought to work

with the applicant in a positive and proactive manner with the objective of delivering high quality sustainable development to improve the economic, social and environmental conditions of the area in accordance with the NPPF (National Planning Policy Framework).

1 Bat Informative

All British bats are protected by both UK and European legislation. This legal protection extends to any place that a bat uses for shelter or protection whether bats are present or not. Should a bat or signs of bats be discovered at any stage during the works, work must stop immediately and advice sought from Natural England. Failure to do this may result in an offence being committed, regardless of planning consent, and could lead to prosecution. Natural England Bat Advice Line: 0345 1300 228

2 Breeding Bird Informative

Under UK legislation it is an offence to intentionally or recklessly disturb, damage or destroy an active birds nest. An active nest is one which is in the process of being built or contains eggs / chicks. Activities which may affect nesting birds must be organised and timed to avoid the bird breeding season which is March to August inclusive. Failure to do so may result in an offence being committed, regardless of planning consent, and could lead to prosecution under the Wildlife and Countryside Act 1981.

3 Biodiversity Enhancements

The NPPF states that planning decisions should contribute to and enhance the natural and local environment by minimising impacts on and providing net gains for biodiversity. The Case Officer should seek to secure the inclusion of features such as –

- Externally fitted bird box, preferably made of 'Woodcrete'. Examples can be found here. These should be placed.
 - o Under the eaves on the northern or eastern aspects.
 - o A clear flight line must be available to the nest.
 - o Not placed directly above windows or doors.

A Inch

Andrew Inch
Senior Manager Planning

Your attention is drawn to the attached schedule of notes which form part of this notice

NOTES

- 1 This certificate is issued under the Town and Country Planning Acts, Regulations and Orders and does not constitute a permission, approval, or consent for any other purpose. Applications should be made for any other permission, approval or consent required from South Tyneside Council (including Building Regulations approval, or approval of South Tyneside Council as ground landlord where appropriate) which may be necessary in connection with the proposed development, or anything incidental thereto, or the use to be made of the premises which form the subject of such development.
- 2 You may also require permissions, approvals or consents under other legislation, or from bodies other than South Tyneside Council. This could include works affecting a public sewer, gas main, or electricity line, works within the adopted highway, works affecting a public right of way, property covenants, legislation relating to disabled persons, land drainage consent, waste management consent, scheduled monument consent or works affecting protected habitats or species.
- 3 Any non-material change to the approved plan(s) that form part of this permission would require the submission of an application for a non-material change under section 96A of the Town and Country Planning Act 1990. Whether changes to a proposed development are considered non-material is a matter for Planning Authority discretion.
- 4 The approved development should be implemented in strict compliance with all of the planning conditions, and in particular any which require details to be approved prior to the commencement of the development. Failure to do so may result in any commencement of development being unauthorised, which could be liable to enforcement action.
- 5 If you wish to change, or not comply with, any of the planning conditions attached to the permission, then you will need to submit a new application for planning permission under section 73 of the Town and Country Planning Act 1990. This does not affect your statutory rights of appeal against any of the planning conditions. This includes if you wish to not comply with a condition attached to a permission which details the approved plan(s), so as to make a minor material change to the approved plan(s). A minor material change is defined as one whose scale and nature results in a development that is not substantially different from that which has been approved.

APPEALS TO THE SECRETARY OF STATE

6 Only the applicant possesses the right of appeal

If you are aggrieved by the decision of your local planning authority to refuse permission for the proposed development or to grant it subject to conditions, then you can appeal to the Secretary of State under section 78 of the Town and Country Planning Act 1990.

If this is a decision to refuse planning permission for a householder application and if you want to appeal against your local planning authority's decision then you must do so within 12 weeks of the date of this notice unless:

- If this is a decision on a planning application relating to the same or

substantially the same land and development as is already the subject of an enforcement notice [reference no. if applicable], if you want to appeal against your local planning authority's decision on your application, then you must do so within 28 days of the date of this notice; or

- If an enforcement notice is served relating to the same or substantially the same land and development as in your application and if you want to appeal against your local planning authority's decision on your application, then you must do so within 28 days of the date of service of the enforcement notice, or within 12 weeks of the date of this notice, whichever period expires earlier.

Appeals should be made online via [Appeal a planning decision](#). If someone does not have access to the internet and needs help completing the appeal digitally, they should contact the Planning Inspectorate customer service team on 0303 444 5000 who will provide details of support options available.

Before making an appeal, you may find it helpful to review guidance and watch a video explaining the appeals process at [Make an appeal to the Planning Inspectorate and associated guidance](#).

The Secretary of State can allow a longer period for giving notice of an appeal but will not normally be prepared to use this power unless there are special circumstances which excuse the delay in giving notice of appeal.

The Secretary of State need not consider an appeal if it seems to the Secretary of State that the local planning authority could not have granted planning permission for the proposed development or could not have granted it without the conditions they imposed, having regard to the statutory requirements, to the provisions of any development order and to any directions given under a development order.

PURCHASE NOTICES

- 7 If permission to develop land is granted subject to conditions, whether by South Tyneside Council as local planning authority or by the Secretary of State for Communities and Local Government, the owner may claim that he can neither put the land to a reasonably beneficial use in its existing state nor render the land capable of reasonably beneficial use by the carrying out of any development which has been or would be permitted. In these circumstances the owner may serve a purchase notice on the Council, requiring the Council to purchase his interest in the land in accordance with the provisions of Part VI of the Town and Country Planning Act 1990.